# YORICK'S SENTIMENTAL JOURNEY, CONTINUED.

VOL. IV.

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FENTIMENTAL JOURNEY,

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## Y O R I C K's SENTIMENTAL JOURNEY, CONTINUED.

TO WHICH IS PREFIXED,

SOME

ACCOUNT

OFTHE

LIFE AND WRITINGS

Ma. STERNE.

By EUGENIUS.

The THIRD EDITION,
With Large ADDITIONS, and CORRECTIONS.

VOL. IV.

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YORICK's
SENTIMENTAL JOURNEY,
CONTINUED.

#### THE NARRATION.

"WHEN my mistress found the Count had defrauded her of the ruffles, she flew into a violent passion against all exotic noble-Vol. IV. B men,

men, except the English, whom she allowed to be generous, honest, and just. "Well," faid she, " you shall " to-morrow morning wait upon " Lord Spindle; he pays like a " prince." A flood of tears prevented my answer for the present; but when I recovered myself, I told her I faw my doom; that I had already been ravished.

- " J'ensuis ravie," faid she.
- " But for nothing," faid I.
- " C'est dommage."
- " And perhaps I shall never re-" cover my character again, as long

" as I live."

At this the fell into a violent laugh, and told me, a woman's character was always well eftablished in proportion to the number of conquests she had made, and the number of gallants she had duped; that for her part, she had considered the whole male fex as her prey, and their fortunes as her property; and that if some of them had slipt through her hands, she had made fufficient amends to herself by those who had fallen into her power; that in these matters we were to take the good with the bad, as in all affairs of commerce; and though the Count had broke in my debt, she did not doubt but Lord Spindle B 2 would would make me ample amends for my loss, as the circumstance of the Rape was quite in my favour.

- " Est-il possible qu'en puisse être ravie " si avantageusement?"
- " Oui, sans doute, il y a des coups à c'faire dans toutes occasions."

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#### CANTHARIDES.

"THIS was a doctrine I could not comprehend. It was a new-fangled logic, that feemed repugnant to common fense.

"I fee," continued she, "you do
"not understand me; but if you
"will step into my dressing-room,
"while I put on a little rouge, I
"will explain the mystery.

"You must know," said she, as we were going up stairs, "that "Lord Spindle has for some time B 3 "taken

" taken Cantharides; and that they

" have now loft all their effect.

" Now," faid fhe, " if you had not

" been previously ravished"—opening the door of

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\* Land Spandle him for famo famo

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#### THE DRESSING-ROOM;

to be made, if he does not die before I SAY, if this rape had not "taken place, what would " have been the consequence?-" Probably you would ftill have " been in a vestal state. - I only say " probably, because I would not de-" fire to pry into any young wo-" man's fecrets; and then, con-" fidering that Lord Spindle is en-" tirely emaciated, he could not " possibly have taken so much pains " as a virgin's coyness would have " required; no, nor-" [here she was interupted by the entrance of the maid, to whom this part of her dress B 4

dress was an impenetrable secret] -

- " but as it has fo luckily happened,
- " your fortune will in all likelihood
- " be made, if he does not die before
- " he has -" [another interruption]
- " made you a handsome settlement."
- "An intail, faid I, you certainly meant."

. the same bloom I when the to be at a ...

- "Doubtless."
- " Voilà des coups certainement."
  - " Oui," faid she, " certainement."

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#### DOWN AGAIN.

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THESE secrets being thus communicated in private, and the rouge, with a little blane (but that is a greater secret than all the rest, which I should not have divulged), duly administered, we returned into the parlour.

"The ups and downs of life, she told me, as we descended, were so numerous in our profession, that a woman of sense should always pay the greatest attention to them;

but that she was in hopes, if I succeeded with Lord Spindle, my fortune would be made with very few of them."

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#### THE BON MOT.

A Frenchwoman, let her be of what rank she may, never omits an opportunity of saying a double entendre; and as the occasion was so very favourable, it was not in the least surprising, that this lady should thus display her genius.

A Bon Mot is literally a good word; with us it is a good thing; and, to say the truth, a good word and a good thing, often with the French ladies, concenter in the same point. This is no quaint conceit.—I have known a Figurante, at the Opera Comique, make four conquests with only mon \*\*\*

—Here she lost a star, it is true, by the

the language; but four stars were the object, as they were every one Chevaliers of the Holy Ghost.

I could expatiate a whole volume away on the shame attending knights of such an order being the knightserrant of a figure-dancer, as arrant a \*\*\*\* as ever wore petticoat.

But I scorn to be invidious against Knights—even of the Post—or the Ladies, let their profession be what it will.

- "The ladies are greatly obliged to
- " you, Mr. Yorick; but what have
- " you done with Lord Spindle?"-
- "Oh! here he comes in propria

#### LORD SPINDLE.

HO knew not Lord Spindle? But if the reader should be so ignorant, I will give a short, very short history of him.

His Lordship was descended from an ancient family in the North of England, who possessed a very ample fortune. His uncle dying without heirs, whilst he was a minor, he succeeded to the title and estate, upon attaining the age of twenty-one. He had been previously his own master three years, having no one to controul him but a Tutor, who

who accompanied him in his travels in the tour of Europe; who, inflead of curbing any vicious or irregular inclinations in his pupil, conftantly promoted them; as he had thereby an opportunity of indulging his own natural turn for debauchery; and moreover found his account in the encouragement of these irregularities, not only by sharing the profits of all the extravagant charges of the tradesmen he employed, but by actually dividing the spoils with his Lordship's mistresses.

Such a culture could not fail of producing all the fruits of licentiousness and debauchery. When his LordLordship came of age, he found he had already run upwards of an hundred thousand pounds in debt; and the first step he was obliged to take was, to mortgage his estate for the like sum.

His Tutor, who by this time was transformed into his bottle-companion, and nominal as well as real pandar, advised him to marry, and thereby repair the injury he had done to his fortune. An opportunity soon offered: A City heires was to be disposed of, and bartered for a title and a noble connection. A drysalter's daughter, with two hundred thousand pounds, had charms sufficient for Lord Spindle.

The

The treaty was made, the match fettled, and the confummation took place in less than three months.

His Lorship had soon after reafon to find, that all the injury he had done by his debaucheries was not confined to his fortune, but that his constitution had been more than proportionably impaired. In a word, his physicians advised him to take a journey to Montpellier, as the only means of recovery now in his power.

Dare we pretend to enquire how it fared with Lady Spindle? She returned home to her father, two hundred thousand pounds worse in pocket, and almost as many millions foon after took place, —— and his lordship recovered; — but not without some incisions and amputations, which gave him, as it has done too many of his countrymen, sufficient reason to curse Italian concubines as long as he lived.

His bon of tutor still attended him, and consoled him with all the rhetoric he was master of. He had adopted the system of predestination, though he had never taught it before, finding it the best suited to his present purpose of administering comfort to his noble friend. He told his lordship, that every man was born to have a certain number of p—s, as every

woman was to have a certain number of children, and that therefore the sooner they got them over, the better.

Lord Spindle could not be accufed of any great depth of understanding, or any great shrewdness, in discovering the wrong or the right side
of an argument. — A little sophistry passed upon him for prosound
logic; and when he heard it dogmatically pronounced from his tutor, he could not pretend to dispute
the justness of the premises; so that
the following syllogism made his
lordship resume all his debaucheries,
as far as he was able, in their greatest latitude.



Major. Every man is born to catch a certain number of p-s:

that is best took kield as bonone

Minor. Your lordship has had more than any man of your years:

Ergo. You have the fewer to

When a man fins with reason on his side, how sweet are the peccadilloes! His lordship hardly wanted so much sophistry to urge him to the charge; but he stood in need of many provocatives to enable him to be as wicked as he desired.

Pedagogus (for fo I shall call this pandar tutor) had skimmed the sur-

face of most sciences; and having in his youth been almost as abandoned as his late pupil and present master, had dipped into physic, at least that part of it which may be called Venereal. He had learned how to promote, as well as cure, all the diseases which attend the votaties of the Cyprian goddess:—he had formerly, and perhaps did still administer the first to himself; he now at least administered them to his lordship.

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#### THE COMMON - COUNCIL-MAN AND THE TURTLE.

THE Sensualist does not often consider, how far the gratisication of his appetites may injure his health: and an alderman who swallows three pounds of callipash and callipee, seldom attends to the fatal effects of six ounces of Cayenne pepper, which are administered in the dose. The nostrum, it is true, once saved a Common-Council-man from being a cuckold, and therefore is not without its virtues,

Mr.

Mr. Skate had been married ten years;—he was a man of the world understood commerce-and upon 'Change was by every one stiled a good man. Mrs. Skate here differed in opinion. She had brought him five thousand pounds (which indeed he had improved to thirty thoufand), and she judged herself intitled to fome attention. Mr. Skate, being a money-getting man, frequently attended clubs, went to bed late, and rose early.-" Less money, and more love," was her constant expression. " Stay, my dear, till I " make it a plum, then I will retire, " and shall have nothing to do but " love you." - "Ay, but," fhe would fay, " then you will be too old; " and

" and what signify riches, or any thing else, if one can't enjoy it?" This was good logic, almost as good as Pedagogus's, for a Common-Council-man's wife.

Things were going on at this rate; and every vocation and avocation constantly attended to, and punctually suffilled by Mr. Skate—except one—when Mrs. Skate, after consulting the Doctor respecting some doubts concerning adultery, had made an appointment with him for the next morning at ten, whilst Mr. Skate was at the Custom-house, to convince the doctor that he had convinced her.

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But luckily for Mr. Skate's honour, and more luckily for Mrs. Skate's virtue, he affifted that day at a turtle-feaft at the King's Arms.

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That is up text, and I doubt not little the could prove couldly more and could prove could be more and could be able to the little blue.

#### THE CONSEQUENCE.

THIS is a chapter of very great consequence, and contains matter of the utmost importance to every Common-Council-man of every ward within the walls, not forgetting Portsoken and Candlewick, who has a wife troubled with scruples of conscience, without being a Methodist. In that case, they are so speedily removed there is not the least danger.

" Mr. Skate assisted at a turtle-feast at the King's Arms."

That is my text, and I doubt not but the discourse will prove equally moral and practicable. It is well known, my worthy brethren, that turtle is very falacious food, and when heightened, improved, or strengthened, which you please, by Cayenne pepper and strong fauces, may warm and invigorate the coldest constitution. When it is also considered, Gentlemen of the Common Council, how few of you are enemies to a glass (or two or three) of generous wine, and how much food of fuch a heating nature promotes the circulation of the bottle, it is not at all aftonishing that every convivial affiftant should go home cherry-merry, after having been a guest at such a repast. with the Control of AA

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"This was precifely the case with Mr. Skate :-- he had forgot that Bankflock had rose one-eighth that day, and he had fold out a thousand the day before: he had forgot the private intelligence he had received from the waiter at Lloyd's, of which he was to make his advantage before it had got into the papers: he had even forgot the report of a ship being loft - upon which he had underwrote fifteen hundred. The turtle, the Cayenne pepper, and the generous wine, operated fo strongly, that his heart was dilated, his spirits were exhilarated, and he thought of nothing but Mrs. Skate.

"Mrs. Skate by two in the morning began to repent of having made an appointment with the Doctor.—
"Would Mr. Skate had realized
this plum, and I should consider
adultery in as heinous a light as
ever!"

"Ten o' clock came, and so did the Doctor.—"Lord, my dear, you'll "oversleep yourself:—do you know "what's o'clock?—'tis ten, I vow!"

With these sentiments she fell asleep—yet she dreamt of the Doctor;
—she could think of nothing but his white hand—how soft!—and the neatness of his shirt-plaiting."

"What care I?—Fill about, Mr.
"Allspice; this is excellent wine."

" Good

"Good Heaven!—he is dream"ing; he will certainly forget him"felf."

"What did you wake me for?—
"I dreamt I was worth a plum, and
"was as happy as a prince."

"Mr. Skate got up, but did not drefs; — he turned again upon his fide, and lay till noon.

"The Doctor was affronted at the imposition he thought was put upon him, and Mrs. Skate always intreats her good husband not to miss a turtle-feast."

« Allspice, this is excellent wine.

Good.

and test they be soon of that come

#### THE TUTOR.

HAVING dispatched the Common-Council-man, it is time I should attend to Pedagogus, or else, considering the dispositions and pursuits of him and my Lord, they may chance to slip through our singers to the Elysian shades, before we have quite done with them.

I think we left him administering provocatives to his Lordship, and from thence I derived the conclusion, That the sensualist seldom considers how far the gratification of his appetites may injure his health.

Denist

It might be conjectured, that conidering the easy, luxurious life Pedagogus led, as the bottle-companion of Lord Spindle, and as he was his sole dependence; which might, indeed, have been mentioned before; it was somewhat astonishing he should broach systems, espouse doctrines, and administer remedies, so very pernicious to his Lordship's tender fabric: To which I answer in elevent words,

"His Lordship had bequeathed him three thousand pounds im his will."

I am the more particular in specifying the number of words contained tained in this bequest, as the greatest critics are very apt to overlook these niceties; and I have known even a Reviewer conclude " In a word," and add a score. Every part of criticism is worthy of the Scholiast's attention.

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# MISS LABORDE'S STORY CONCLUDED.

"HE very same Lord Spindle,
"I can affure you."—"I
thought I was right in my man;
"—pray proceed."

"I was introduced to his Lordship by Mr. Pedagogus, who took me by the hand, and looking languishing at me, gave it a gentle squeeze, saying, "I do not know whether his "Lordship will be able to see you to day.—If he does not want any of your merchandize, I will purchase any thing you have got."

Vol. IV. D "I faid,

"I faid, I was forry to hear his Lordship was ill, and if I could not see him, I would call another time.

"No, my dear," faid he, "you may

" fee him-all that's left of him ;-

" but as to any thing elfe, I think it

" would be as cruel as interring a

" fine blooming girl like yourfelf

" with an Egyptian mummy, that

" had been dead half a dozen cen-

" turies, restored to view by the re-

" furrection of antiquarians."

"His Lordship now rang for chocolate, which he drank in bed; and being informed that I was come to wait upon him, he ordered me in.— Pulling back the curtain, I saw a most his

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most ghastly figure, which seemed a better qualified lover for Queen Dido, than a Parisian millener. He, nevertheless, said some civil things to me,—bought my whole band-box,—and said he would purchase myself, if he were capable. Whereupon he took his purse out of his breechespocket, presented me with it, and then

I shall only add,
I was as well qualified to keep in the
Vestal fire after leaving his Lordship, as I was upon entering his
apartment.

"He desired me to call three days after—when he was dead. Pedagogus now made love in form, took

D 2 this

this apartment for me, and gave me a decent allowance till within these ten days, when he was taken up on suspicion of poisoning Lord Spindle, and is now in the Bicetre.

"After his provision ceased, I was obliged to have recourse to other means, which I need not explain, and which have entitled me to a place upon the Commissary's list."

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### A REFLECTION.

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THE Reader, I doubt not, expected a very dull, trite story, from the moment he heard of Miss Laborde's whimpering. — I hope he has been greatly disappointed; if not, he may take up the Pilgrim's Progress, or any pathetic novel that has been published within these ten years, and make himself ample amends for the time he has lost in the perusal of these pages.

N. B. If he be a Tutor, I prescribe him an ounce of cantharides.

# VENDREDI SAINT, OR GOOD-FRIDAY.

HOUGH no man holds ceremonies of religion in higher veneration than myself, and though I would not for a mitre ridicule the mysteries even of Popery in a Romith country; still there are fome things fo obvioufly ridiculous in its pageantry and exercise, that one must be almost a stone, not to smile at many of their officials. I have no objection to bowing or kneeling whilft the wafer passes in folemn procession, and have myself foiled a pair of new breeches fooner than

than (faire scandale) give scandal. I have no objection to the tinkling of the little bell, or their beating their breafts at the elevation of the Host; and permit the inhabitants of Paris to pay un petit écu each, to kneel and kiss a wooden cross le Vendredi Saint; but I will not allow a professed fille-de-joye to consider it as inevitable damnation, beyond the power of all the orders of all the priefts, the conclave of cardinals, and even the pope himself, to abfolve her for eating the wing of a chicken on that day, and yet not refuse to exercise all the functions of her profession for fix livres.

D 4

I paid

I paid Mademoselle Laborde a visit on Good Friday; and being somewhat fatigued upon returning from Versailles, I desired her to send to the Traiteur's for a pullet and sallad, as I could not reach my own apartments without some refreshment.

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## FROGS NEWLY CLASSED.

- "COMMENT, Monsieur, mangez
  vous la viande le Vendredi
  Saint?"
- "What, Sir, do you eat meat on Good-Friday?"
- "I should have no objection to fish, for that matter, if there were any good; carp and tench I have been already surfeited with this Lent; and as to your morüe, it can be equalled by nothing but the black broth of the ancients."

- " Mais il y a d'autres especes de poisson; que pensez-vous des anguilles
- et des grenouilles ?"
- "But there are other kinds of, "fish; what think you of eels and, "frogs?"
- " Frogs! ha! ha! ha! Excuse me

  " for laughing.—This is the first,

  " time I ever heard them classed
- " under the head of fish."
- "Comment! la grenouille c'est bien du poisson, et elle est permise."
- "How! Surely frogs are very good fish, and they are allowed."

" They

"They may be allowed; but in this case I should think the penance very rigid, if I were compelled to eat them, though you were to call them wild-fowl.—
A frog-feast, to an Englishman, would be a fast with a vengesearce."

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# THE CASE OF RELIGIOUS SCRUPLES.

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THE Traiteur was fent for; but he informed me, he could not possibly serve the table with slesh to-day, unless I had a certificate under a physician's hand that I was ill.

- " Look in my face!—Is not my
- " countenance a sufficient certifi-
- " cate?-Besides, here is a recipe I
- " had yesterday from a Doctor of
- " the Sorbonne."

The Traiteur knew nothing of Latin, but was convinced it was right, because he did not understand a word of it.—He was also a very good Catholic.—But this by the way.—

The dinner was ferved; Mademoiselle, however, would not touch a morsel. She expected a visit from her Confessor that afternoon, to prepare her for her Easter; and he would certainly deny her absolution, in case she should break her Lent upon so important a day.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Pray Mis, do you reveal every thing to your confessor?"

<sup>&</sup>quot; Every thing, Sir."

"And what would he fay, if

"a good customer were to drop

"in? —— You would not refuse

"him?"

" Non, certainement; — c'est une utre affaire."

"No, certainly; that's another case."

Burgundy exhilarates the spirits, after a hearty meal succeeding exercise. These causes united, produced a very natural effect; — and as the point in case was une autre affaire—wherefore should I have more religious scruples than Mademoifelle?

Pursy.

#### The case then stood thus:

Alas! alas! 150; What a balance!

How light are religion, reason, danger, conscience, and even character, when opposed to the slesh, appetite, powers, object, and opportunity!

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Pary.

#### The case then stood thus:

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Religion 6	The Flesh - 7
Reason 41	Appetite 16
Danger 3	Powers ded- 123
Conscience - 3	Object 33
Character - 14	Opportunity 99
	! <del>ear *</del>
27 <sup>5</sup>	177
	43

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Alas! alas! 150; What a balance!

How light are religion, reason, danger, conscience, and even character, when opposed to the flesh, appetite, powers, object, and opportunity!

Pray, Miss Laborde, draw the curtain; for I am quite ashamed of the conclusion.

Gentle Readers, male or female, or both united, how do your pulses-beat? Quick, quick, quick—for God's sake, draw the curtain too!

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#### THE BLUSH.

RAY, courteous Reader, did not you perceive me blush in the last chapter?--- I redden-ed all over. - I question whether the Traiteur would have taken my word, or even the Latin certificate, for my illness under such a ruddy complexion; and in this case all the cause would have been prevented; for had not the fowl contained the best of juices, and promoted the drinking of a bottle of excellent Burgundy, --neither morüe nor frogs, though excellent fish, would have produced VOL. IV. the E

### [ 50 ]

I still blush at the repetition! I can write no more upon the subject.—Nay, my very paper is red as scarlet.

in the last chapter I -- I toler

hestioning see 12

Page 1 Transportation Co. Co. Section

# THE RECOVERY OF COMPLEXION.

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The room, and perceived my countenance to resume its native paleness, I took my hat, and then my leave, as the critical minute of confession approached, and Miss Laborde had in my opinion an additional peccadillo to disburthen her, conscience from, though her abstinence was unimpeachable.

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planted mylelf in

## THE CONFESSION.

CURIOSITY, what wilt thou not perform? My design was to have retired directly home, and dress; — but meeting with a lusty Friar upon the stairs, a thought occurred to me — " Surely this man " must be framed of different slesh " and blood from other mortals, if, " when Mademoiselle reveals all her secrets to him, he can have the resistant of tack upon the senses."

I returned, and finding a very convenient aperture in the door, planted

planted myfelf to observe the fervor of the penitent's devotion.

How many Ave Maria's! how many prayers! how many ejacula-

Oh! that I had been a Friar, a lufty Friar! What felicity within the pale of that holy church!

3

Heaven! What an accident!

I had always an aversion to wooden beds, from their cracking:—
they have often disturbed me from the soft slumbers of sweet repose upon the road, where, in spite of the virtue preached on Sunday—
But such an accident surely never E 3 before

before happened! - No carpenters will work on Good Friday in Paris; - and the gros Financier was to be with Mademoiselle at nine, an hour after confession.

But it is time for me to retire, and leave her to her fate.—Notwithstanding the accident—would I had been a Friar, a lusty Friar!

Province of the ten arcicent

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before

being hepdened han & o parpenter

# THE GUINGUETTE.

I Will frankly acknowledge, that though I never coveted or envied any man his possessions or enjoyments, either corporal or menjoyments, either corporal or me

Guinguettes are places about the environs of Paris, not unfimilar to E 4 White-

White - conduit - house, Bagnigge wells, and the like, in the purlieus of London; with this difference, that instead of tea, petits soupers are given, and a bottle of wine is drank till they are ready. The principal amusement consists of dancing. As these places are chiefly frequented by the Bourgeoise of Paris, they are reforted to by the greatest number on Sundays, as public dancing as well as plays and operas are allowed on that day. This being Eafter. Sunday, they were not only very crowded, but much more brilliant than usual, on account of the variety of new cloaths constantly exhibited on this day.

mand b

Weine condult Donie. Bagnigge

### LES TAPAGEURS.

who from a principle of false honour, and still more ridiculous vanity, fancy they are authorized to disturb the repose and merriment of the citizens of Paris. They generally consist of Mousquetaires and Pages. Being trained from their infancy to the sword, by the time they attain manhood they are generally proficients in fencing; and upon this superiority in arms they build their title to insolence and impertinence.

A Guinguette, especially on Sunday, is the certain mart of their abilities: here they display their false wit and false courage, and frequently pass them off for genuine: however, the counterfeits are sometimes detected, and severely punished.

gaughtness for elegan oil is up.

Having, with my friend, taken a feat in the most retired corner of the room, that we might be unobserved spectators of what passed, a couple of Tapageurs presently entered; and having taken a view of the company, they fixed upon a young Jeweller, who was with his Sweet-heart, for the object of their present ridicule.

The young fellow was dreffed very genteelly, with a fword, and carried no marks of plebeianism about him. But they knew he was a mechanic; and it is a rule with the Tapageurs, to chastise all such, as they call them, when they find them either in dress or company out of their sphere. The young woman was very handsome, and by the modesty which was depicted in her countenance, was entitled to refpect even from the most abandoned. But the Tapageurs consider decency and decorum as vices which a Page or Mousquetaire should never be guilty of, and therefore carefully avoid committing them.

Comment.

One of these heroes went up to the table where the jeweller and his mistress were sitting, drinking a glass of wine; and asking him if his wine was good, without invitation helped himself to a glass: he then pronounced it excellent; and thus continued to serve first his companion, and afterwards himself, till the bottle was emptied.

The young jeweller bore all these insults with great good temper; and calling for another bottle, told them he was very proud of the honour of their company; and that if they could not afford to pay, they were very welcome to another or two at his expence. "Comment,

- " Comment, Monsieur le Jouaillier,
- " comptez-vous que vous n'êtes pas con-
- " na ?- Allez balayer votre boutique,
- " & laissez vôtre epée chez vous."
  - " What, Mr. Jeweller, do you
- " think you are not known? Go and
- " fweep your shop, and leave your
- " fword at home."
- "Je le ferai bien," replied the Jeweller, "après que je vous ai cor"rigé pour vôtre insolence."
- " That I will readily do, after I
- " have corrected you for your info-
- they were very welcome to another

oryedTat his expence.

Comment

They now retired, whilst 'the Jeweller's mistress fainted away: however, by the help of some harts-horn and water she recovered hersfelf, just as her lover returned victorious.

Capital ray part any ore por tall, is

The Mousquetaire, vain-gloriously trisling with the Jeweller, whom he judged much inferior in skill happening to stumble over a stone, was run thro' the body. A surgeon was immediately sent for, who was very doubtful as to the consequences of the wound. He was, however, put to bed, and all possible care taken of him.

### OF THE JUST DISTRI-BUTION OF NATURE.

TATURE is so impartial in the distribution of her gifts to mankind, that she neither overburthens some individuals with her favours, nor overwhelms others with misfortunes; but by a judicious mixture of good and evil in every creature, none have too much reason to be elated, nor any to despair. For example, to These she gives great riches, with an unquiet mind; to Those, a great share of adversity, with much insensibility. If the first

with

with their wealth possessed the indifference of the needy, they would certainly be too happy; whilst the latter, if they united mental uneasiness with their ill fortune, would, doubtless, be highly deserving of pity.

If, then, we weigh the wealth of the one with the indifference of the other — the uneafiness of the former with the misfortunes of the latter—we shall find the balance to be nearly equal. The poor man, insensible of the evils of life, despites the pifer, who, whilst he amasses wealth, is miserable at the apprehensions of losing it.

Nor is this observation confined folely to wealth and poverty. Beauty and deformity have each their confolations. The handsome woman looks with contempt on the ill-shapen female, who in turn despises the beautiful ideot, formed only to be gazed upon. The fwordfman confiders courage and skill in arms as the greatest accomplishments of a gentleman, and fancies his rank entitles him to adulation from the merchant and mechanic; whilft thefe, on the contrary, maintain industry and trade to be more important objects than the etiquette of courts, or the glory of a campaign. Thus in every sta-VOL. IV. tion

tion of life there is a confolation and folace to be found: and indeed no rank is contemptible in itself, whilst the person who fills it acts in character.

real no the late filled a constituent

.V. .Joy

#### THE APPLICATION.

HAD the Musqueteer confidered this with attention, he certainly might have saved a life which was thrown away for —— nothing! A life, that might have been of service to his country, an honour to his family, and a blessing to his friends; but which was now a disgrace to them all.

May this Tapageur be hung up in terrorem, as a memento of the F 2 folly

folly and vanity of a species of beings, who are a pest to society, and deserve to be deprived of all the privileges of it.

#### THE OCCASION.

THE misfortunes which befel the unfortunate Mademoiselle Laborde, from her omission of having asked me for the letter to her mistress, struck me so forcibly upon my return from the Guinguette, that I resolved to wait upon that Lady the next day with it, and endeavour, by what little eloquence I possessed, to induce her to take her fille-de-chambre once more under her protection.

Whilft I was ruminating upon the most effectual plan of operations,

F 3 I ac-

I accidentally strolled into the Thuilleries, and being somewhat fatigued,
seated myself next a lady, who proving very communicative, we presently
fell into general conversation, and
from general descended to particular: so that without any kind of
seeming impropriety, I asked her if
she knew Madame Rambouillet.—
"Madame Rambouillet! (she re"peated) c'est moi-même."

"Good heaven, faid I, what an accident! You are the very lady "I proposed waiting upon to-mor- row morning, with a letter I have

" been fo neglectful as to keep these

" two months in my pocket."

### [ 71 ]

" Vous êtes Mr. Yorick, donc;—
" & comment est-il arrivé que vous
" n'êtes pas venû me voir?"

Saying this, she rose up, and seizing me by the arm, led me to her coach. I was now preparing to take leave, but she said with a very imperative tone — "Il faut souper avec moi."

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a bos asincil b text sil pade.

#### THE THUILLERIES.

Suspected Madame Rambouillet's sudden and abrupt departure from the Gardens was occasioned by a spectacle, or rather a pair of spectacles, which, in a less polished sphere of action, would have been exploded, as erring against all the rules of decent optics.

On the left-hand walk from the Louvre is a range of shrubbery that runs parallel to the wall, at about six feet distance, and which in summer, when the leaves are fully expanded, forms a kind of retreat; behind

behind which obscenities of any species may be committed, unobserved by the company in the Gardens; but in winter and spring, every thing performed behind this shrubbery is as much exposed as if done in any other part of the Thuilleries.

Having ascertained the topography of this retreat, I shall now point out its uses.

There are two Goddesses, whose numerous votaries consider it as the highest insult to these Divinities to expose the devotions they pay to them; the most recluse retreats, therefore, are constantly chosen for these

these oblations. But, by a strange effect of French vivacity, the Parisians forget the seasons of the year; and this being the end of March, there was not a single leaf yet disclosed, to conceal the rites which two devotees of one Goddess were at this time performing.

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expense the devotors only par-

AND SECTION OF THE SE

Garden De Greek Companier

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# THE MISTAKE.

ALTHOUGH I had supposed that this exhibition had shocked the delicacy of Madame Rambouillet so much as to render any longer stay in the Gardens impracticable, I was afterwards thoroughly convinced that French politesse does not extend to such niceities. Her hurry was occasioned by her impatience to ask me a hundred questions, without giving me time to answer one, though fully satisfied with my replies. She accordingly took her leave of Madame de La Garde

Garde at the Great Gate, telling her she should drink chocolate with her to-morrow—and adding, " J'ai quel" ques affaires avec ce Monsieur.—
" Vous m'excuserez."

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quellions, without given me sig-

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with the realist. She even for

## THE ATTEMPT.

HEN I imagined Madame Rambouillet's curiofity had been pretty well gratified, I thought it was a favourable opportunity to plead for Mademoifelle Laborde.

- " Pray, Madam, had not you a " chambermaid whom you fent to
- " my apartments for the letter
- " which I have now delivered?-
- " Does she live with you still?"
  - " Ab, la coquine! Elle a fait bien
- " des faux pas; non, Monsieur, elle est
- " sur le pavé même.

#### [ 78 ]

"Oh, the huffy! she has made "many slips; and, Sir, she even walks the streets."

This does not look like a reconciliation; I must change my battery.

- " Indeed, I am forry to hear it.
- " I hope she is not irreclaimable.-
- " How came you to part with her?"
- " Je crains, Monsieur, que vous y aviez un peu part.
- "I fear, Sir, you had some share in it."
- "Then, Madam, pray let me plead for her. Restore her to your

" your favour; forget her past

" errors; and I will be bound for

" her future good behaviour. I

" have heard her story; and she is

" to be pitied."

Finding I had made some impression upon Madame Rambouillet in her favour, I told her story to the best advantage. She was greatly surprized at the impudence of her milliner; and in her passion, though a paragon of decency, could not refrain from uttering,

Ab, la villaine bou-gresse!"

Now was my time; — now, while her passions were set on float, and

and pity seemed to predominate.

—Madame Rambouillet's heart was not of a rigid nature;—she by degrees inclined to my petition, 'till at length she granted it.

values as Roofiers appears thought day before by the strains of th

#### THE PENITENT.

IT is certainly true, there is more joy on earth, as well as in Heaven, at bringing back one strayed sheep, than keeping in order the rest of the fold.

Madame Rambouillet agreed to restore Miss Laborde to her favour, on condition she would unfold all the misdeeds of her milliner, and depose them before a Commissaire, that she might be dealt with according to law. This she was easily prevailed upon to perform; and Madame la Roche's house was the next day beset by the Archers.

Vol. IV. G

#### THE BICETRE

A Deposition upon oath, of a woman's carrying on the profession of a procures, is sufficient to entitle her to a place in the Bicetre. In consequence, therefore, of Mademoiselle Laborde's declaration, Madame La Roche, and three of her pupils, were conducted thither, where I shall leave them to their own reflections, and the Police.

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## CUL DE SAC DE L'ORATOIRE.

Beg leave; in this place, to correct a mistake which slipt into the first volume of my Sentimental Journey (page 202), as it relates to a matter of chronology and geography; in which a Traveller, and particularly a Sentimental one, ought to be very correct. The passage is this:

"Madame de Rambouillet, after
"an acquaintance of about fix
"weeks with her, had done me the
"honour to take me in her coach
G 2 "about

es about two leagues out of town.

of all women, Madame de Ram-

" bouillet is the most correct; and

"I never wish to see one of more

" virtues and purity of heart. In

so our return back, Madame de

\* Rambouillet defired me to pull

of the cord: I asked her if she want-

" ed any thing? Rien que piffer, faid

Madame de Rambouillet."

The fact is certain, and therefore remains in its full force; but the time when, and the place where, require some amendment.

It was only one week after I first met her in the Thuilleries; and the circumstance happened in the Cul de Sac de l'Oratoire. [ 85 ]

This will also rectify the anachronism of my first acquaintance with Madame de Rambouillet; which should not have been placed till after my return from the South of France.

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Prindame Pempadour riding

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#### THE PET EN L'AIR.

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HE Pet en l'Air is once more a fashionable dress among the English ladies, and therefore requires no definition: its etymology will be set forth in this chapter.

Madame Pompadour riding thro' le Cul de Sac de l'Oratoire, the first day she wore this dress (which was invented by her, and had not yet been christened), in company with Mademoiselle La Tour, one of her waiting-maids, or rather servile companions, by some accident gave yent to some confined air, accord-

The ludicrousness of the accident occasioned her to burst into a loud laugh, and exclaim, "That shall be "the name of my new dress," and from that time a short sack and petticoat were called a Pet en l'Air,

A similarity of circumstances produces a similarity of sentiments. When Madame de Rambouillet alighted to rien que pisser, she was better than her word; and, upon resuming her seat, with a laugh said, "Cest un pet pas en l'air, mais dans le Cul de Sac de l'Oratoire."

Such critical justness, in so light a conceit, must certainly set her judge G 4 ment

ment in the most favourable point of light; and tho' the thought might be originally Madame de Pompadour's, this lady's improvement upon it is at least equal to the primitive sentiment.

Three learned Doctors of the Sorbonne, being informed of the event, pronounced this sentence.

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## THE CONCATENATION.

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के नेवारिए निर्देश के जो महिल्ला में प्रतिकार के

I Dare say the Reader was not a little disappointed, upon Mademoiselle Laborde's resuming her story, to find that the concatenation was entirely destroyed, and that no mention was made of her lover the Perruquier, who had proposed a matrimonial connection in the most honourable and serious way, and who was so well situated in business, and so agreeable a man, that he seemed every way qualified to render the marriage state completely happy.

To own the truth, I did perceive a kind of chasm in this part of her Narration; but being unwilling to interrupt her, I let her proceed her own way.

"Pray, Mademoiselle," said I, as we were sitting together at Madame Rambouillet's during her absence, "à propos," (though, by the bye, it was no more à propos than any one thing the most foreign in the world, that might have been lugged in head and shoulders) "à "propos, Miss Laborde; you never told me what became of your lover the Perruquier?"

19917

## [[910]]

Good Heavens! no more I did: " I quite forgot him. I was fo

" taken up with the Italian Marquis"

" and Lord Spindle, he never once

" entered my head. - Poor man!

What, could

ild swimm kladomys ild \*\*

" Heigh-ho!"

What makes you figh, and call " him poor man? I thought he was " in very good circumftances." byel belwee by this sime the had part

"Yes, his circumstances were very well, for the matter of that; "but he was very imprudent. He was twice cited to appear before the Company of Barber-Surgeons, ... " and mulcted for not being li-" cenfed; and yet-he was fo indif-" creet

## [ 92 ]

- " creet as to fet them at defiance,
- and the third time was commit-
- et ted to prison, where I believe he
- " ftill remains."
  - " What, could not the Duchefs.
- " his patroness relieve him?"
  - ". She did not chuse to appear in
- " fuch an affair publickly.-Besides,
- " I believe by this time she had pret-
- " ty well forgot him and his fervices.
- " An Irish Colonel had for some
- " time supplied his place so effec-
- " tually, that there were some hopes
- " of an heir to that noble family,
- " after her Graee had been married
- " eleven years without iffue."

19913

" And

And so the poor fellow is to rot in jail, because the Irish colonel has so effectually served this noble family! Forbid it, Justice! Forbid it, Mercy!"

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st his partionels relieved and "

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spelleramity! Forbid it, Juff. el

## THE INTERCESSION.

HE next morning, having intelligence of the place of confinement of Le Sieur Tournelle, I wrote to the Master of the Company of Barber-Surgeons, propofing to pay all the expences attending his imprisonment, and to find fureties for his never trespassing again. In this letter I mentioned the Count de B--'s name, to whom I also communicated the affair; and received a very polite answer, in which I was informed, Tournelle's confinement was more owing to his obstinacy, in not submitting DEP. DE

mitting to the concessions prescribed him, than to any incapacity of paying the sees, or taking up a licence.

I now waited upon Tournelle, whom I found in very good spirits, relying upon the Duchess's protection, upon her return from the country, where he had been informed she had refided for some time past. I had fome difficulty at first to convince him of his error in this respect: but when I mentioned to him the Irish Colonel, who had been one of his cuftomers, and the other circumstances attending his connections with the Duchess; and added that, to my certain knowledge, fhe had not been a night night absent from Paris these two months, he lowered his tone, and very submissively intreated my intercession.

I then told him the terms upon which I would obtain his liberty, and reimburse all the expences which this affair had occasioned.

This was his marriage with Mademoiselle Laborde. To this he readily consented, saying, she was the only woman he had ever really loved; and that I could not propose to him a more agreeable match; as he certainly should have married her before this time, if he had not been prevented by his consinement.

## DOUBTS.

in write this stick think mid

emito cald guirmold, vy, taked Man

CASUISTS and Theologians will, perhaps, oppose their doctrines to my conduct, and pronounce the part I took in Tournelle's behalf rather jesuitical.—I had my doubts.

Whether this man may not be happy, united to a woman, who, though she has been guilty of errors, is conscious of them, and seems perfectly penitent?

Or,

Vol. IV. H Whether

Whether by informing him of the real state of her conduct, I may not make him miserable, and prevent a union which might make them both contented?

All her public errors had been committed, whilft he was estranged from the world: and ignorance in this respect, was to him virtue on her behalf; — but then the powers of malice —

On Eagle's wings immortal fcandals fly, Whilst virtuous actions are but born and die,

## THE RESOLUTION.

Acquainted Madame de Ram-bouillet with all the steps I had taken, and confulted with her which was the most eligible way of proceeding. She faid, she would fend for him to dress her; and whilst she was under the operation, she would introduce a conversation, wherein a fimilar character to Mademoiselle Laborde's should be presented to his opinion; and, if he thought such a woman a proper candidate for matrimony, no intelligence he might afterwards receive from the flanderous world could affect his peace.

#### THE OPERATION.

HAIR-DRESSING is now fo prevalent all over Europe, and even America (for many an boneft Perruquier has made a voyage to that quarter of the globe), that it does not feem in the least ridiculous for a man, much less a lady, to sit a couple of hours to have their heads tortured with hot irons. Christian charity upon this occasion dictates a prayer, in behalf of the inhabitants of the Pole—for burning is a horrid death.

## [ 101 ]

Two hours are nothing. I am abfolutely too modest. A French
Lady would be ashamed to retire
from her toilet in three. This surely then was a sufficient period to
discuss the matters in point — Madame de Rambouillet's head and Mademoiselle Laborde's — character.

## THE CONVERSATION.

Two hours are nothing, isnish-

Madame de Rambouillet.

Is it possible, then, you could admire a woman after she had been guilty of a faux-pas with another man?

Tournelle. That, Madam, would depend entirely on circumstances.

Madame. What circumstances are those?

Tour. First, whether she had given him the preference by choice; whether she was compelled; or whether Necessity

# [ 103 ]

Necessity had driven her to the deed.

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Madame. So then, in either of these cases, you could forgive a woman whom you had once loved?

marroing a wearan under fedicin

Tour. Provided her future conduct strongly testified that her sentiments were not contaminated; and that her past behaviour would serve her as a beacon, to avoid the shoals which so many females split upon.

Madame. What, then, you could forgive her having had a variety of lovers, if you was fatisfied that Necessity had compelled her, and that she was perfectly reclaimed?

1

ſ

H 4

Tour-

# [ 104 ]

Tour. The number, Madam, I think of no consequence in this case: the sentiment and present disposition are the chief objects.

Madame. And could you think of marrying a woman under fuch circumstances?

duch firoundy religied that her fenti-

Tour. If I had ever loved her well enough to have wedded her, I suppose I should be blind enough to her past failings; and perhaps vain enough to think, that her suture husband might reform her into an excellent wife.

Madame. I approve of your good fense; and if half the Parisian hulbands bands reasoned with as much justice towards their wives, I believe there would not be half the number of cuckolds or cuckold-makers.—Bless me! you have burnt off a curl, a capital curl! What must be done?

Tour. Que Diable! This comes of marriage.—But I can foon rectify the deficiency of the outside of a lady's head, be it ever so great.——I will run immediately for my last new-invented tête; which I am sure, Madam, you will approve of.

Madame. " Ab! Monsieur Tour-" nelle, il n'y a pas moyen."

Tour. " N'ayez pas peur — je retournerai dans l'instant."

## THE MARRIAGE.

I Would not have the Reader, let him be ever so superstitious, imagine that this accident was any way ominous; for I can assure him, that to this hour I do not know any one thing which hath occurred, that could in any respect be supposed portended by it. As to the marriage, it took place very shortly: I gave away Mademoiselle Laborde, now Madame Tournelle; and there is not a better wife in all Rue St. Honoré, or even Renomnée.

What

# [ 107 ]

What can I fay more?

She is pregnant. And, if I am at Paris at the time of the christening, I am to stand godfather; if not, I shall be sponsor by proxy.

N. B. Monf. Tournelle strenuously objected to the clerical claims of cuisage and jambage.—But he did not reside in la Rue Tireboudin.

Madame de Rambouillet, the Cront

do b - . . U.c Merebande de Gands

Noofieur P. de Forme G

ril Madanse de C----, Mai e

de Ven. . Mondrer D. ... de

Abbe Mar the Lount de Forcem.

hould our lome arten to to

#### MYSELF.

HAVING thus cleanly, honeftly, morally, and almost virtuously, got Mademoiselle Laborde off my hands, I have nobody now to mind but myself.

Perhaps the Reader may imagine, that I should pay some attention to Madame de Rambouillet, the Count de B—, the Marchande de Gands d'amour, the Marquis de B\*\*\*\*, Monsieur P—, the Farmer-General, Madame de G——, Madame de V——, Monsieur D——, the Abbé M—, the Count de Faineant, and

#### [ 100 ]

and all the rest of my Parisian acquaintance. To this I say, No.

Myself—is what I have not for some months looked into — With this Being I must now converse; leaving the frivolity of petits-maîtres to be gratified with all their unsubstantial enjoyments — their ideal pleasures.

How stands the great account between me and Reason? Some hath been paid, but much more still is due.—A long, long reckoning —Alas! when shall I strike a balance?

Oh, my Eugenius! when we reflect upon the quick transition of Time,

## [ 110 ]

Time, the ridiculous goals of for great a part of the course of life, its short duration, the phantoms we pursue, the shadows that we grasp, I blush to take a view of myself, and would procrastinate a scrutiny which makes resection bitter.

#### VANITY, FOLLY,

How magnificent are your altars! How numerous your votaries! How costly your facrifices!

# THE VISIT.

WHEN I had got thus far in this moral felf-disquisition, I heard a carriage stop at the door, and looking from the window, perceived the Count de B— enquiring for Monsieur Yorick, or Monsieur Sterne. He saw me at the window, and instantly alighted.

He came up stairs, with much feeming satisfaction in his countenance upon finding me at home; he said, he had had some difficulty in discovering my place of abode; that nobody knew Monsieur Yorick; and

and that, had he not luckily met with the celebrated Mr. W—es upon the Pont-neuf, he should never have thought of inquiring for Mr. Sterne; but that Mr. W—s explained to him the ænigma, and that he had ordered his bookseller to bind him immediately in elegant binding the volumes of Tristram Shandy, together with his Sermons.

Such a compliment naturally excited me to pay an oblique one to his philanthropy and great erudition, which, however, was foon melted down into politics. Mr. W—es, his partifans and opponents, furnished us with matter of conver-

base

conversation for near an hour, in which the Count displayed great judgment, and a very extensive knowledge of the constitution, laws, and customs of England; and appeared perfectly well acquainted with all the celebrated political characters of the Age.

"But, after all, said the Count,
"this is not the subject of my visit.
"Monsieur De L—, with the assistance of the Abbé T—, has
"made very free with the Marquis
"De M—, in a pamphlet handed
about. Now, continued he, I have
"written an answer to it, in which
"I have the vanity to think I have
"fairly retorted the argument, as
Vol. IV. I "well

## [ 114 ]

" well as the raillery upon him; and

" I wanted to confult with you up-

" on a proper device by way of

" Frontispiece.

" My conceit is, an elephant

" learning to dance upon the flack

" rope, being taught by a monkey."

eyedd yed by an 1000 ywy d 1

response appared the regument, as

Now is 1 at well

# THE OBJECTION.

f

- " MONSIEUR Le Comte,
  " faid I, fince you do me
  " the honour to consult me upon
  " the occasion, I hope you will not
  " be offended at my speaking with" out reserve."
  - " By no means, replied he."
  - "Why, Monsieur Le Comte, the thought is good; but, pardonnez moi, it is not new."
  - " Not new! Where is it to be met with?"

# AN ANECDOTE OF THE LATE DUCHESS OF MARL-BOROUGH.

Memorianaux to comput

I ORD Grimstone, when at school, about the age of thirteen, wrote a comedy called The Lawyer's Fortune. This production was so far from possessing any dramatic merit, that it contained scarce any thing but palpable inconsistencies; however, when the very juvenile years of the author are considered, and that the publication of it was probably owing to the partiality of parents in the gratification of a childish vanity; and when it is

also considered, that at a mature time of life, the author himself, upon a review of it, becoming fenfible of its imperfections, took every possible means to call in the impression, and, if possible, prevent so indifferent a performance standing forth in evidence against even his childish talents; such an error feemed, to all impartial people, fufficiently apologized for: and indeed the feverer critics are less to be blamed than a certain lady, who called it forth from obscurity. This was the late Sarah Duchess of Marlborough, who, in the course of an opposition which she thought proper to make to this gentleman, in an election for members of parliament where where he stood a candidate, caused a large impression of this play to be printed at her own expence, and to be distributed among the electors; with a frontispiece, conveying a restection on his Lordship's understanding. The device was, an elephant dancing on a stack rope. This gentleman, nevertheless, carried his election, in despite of this attempt to make him ridiculous in the eyes of his constituents."

# THE MONKEY.

"FORT bien, monsieur, mais où est le singe?

" Very well, fir, but where is the monkey?"

" Oh! I give up the monkey,

" Monfieur le Comte, though there

" was fomething very like one in

allegoriust nontriblece

and the factorial fortuna

when May shows od built

chafed all the dillected

" the back ground."

teluis combined

# CONVICTION.

HERE is nothing more difficult than to convince a Frenchman of a mistake, especially when his wit or judgment feems to be called in question; so that though the Comte de B- was a very accomplished gentleman, still he had fo much of the Frenchman in him, that I saw him redden, as soon as I mentioned the old Duchess's allegorical frontispiece; and I could find he would willingly have purchased all the dispersed copies of the Lawyer's Fortune, at a higher price than Lord Grimstone, to have fecured to himself the merit of novelty.

# POLITESSE.

ferved every possible external mark of politesse; and seemed pleased with a hint I gave him to improve his plate: he insisted on my eating soup with him the very next day, but added, — "Vous me ferez" un plaisir très singulier, de ne mentionner à personne l'idée que vous "m'avez donnée à l'egard de cette "planche."

"You will, said he, confer a fin-

" gular pleasure on me, if you men-

" tion to no one the hint you gave

" me concerning this plate."

I pro-

## [ 122 ]

I promifed him I would not.

For this reason I suppress it here; though perhaps I might thereby lay claim to some Hogarthian merit—and it might have served as a very proper frontispiece to these sour volumes of Sentimental Travels.

But Yorick's word is no jest.

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toth, who were and a bay some all a feet,

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Juggio si di mio villa (KK), calabia is di fa

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#### LE FLEUR.

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EVERY reader, I trust, will pity me, and every tender heart will heave a sigh when I announce the death of Le Fleur;—when I tell them, that after a short but faithful service, he has left the world and his master behind him.

The poor fellow had complained of a violent pain in his head;—
or I should rather say, that I had forced him to confess that he was sometimes afflicted with this disorder;
—for, in truth, the voice of Complaint never came from his lips.—
He bore the rubs of life, and the jostlings

jostlings of Fortune, without turning to the right or the left to inform his fellow-travellers of them.—Indeed, he would sometimes, like his master, laugh them away; and sometimes yield to them with so sweet a patience, that they seemed ashamed to torment him.—But a merciles fever had now seized upon him with such violence, that all the powers of medicine were bassled,—and on the fifth day after the attack he breathed his last.

The day before he died, I went to his bed-side, and enquired how he was, and if he wanted any thing.— He crossed himself, and shook his head.—" I hope,—added I, Le Fleur, Fleur, that you will foon be well." Heshook his head, and crossed himself again .- " I really hope, continued I, that you will shortly recover; - but if it should please the Father of Spirits to number thee amongst them, tell me, while thou art able, if there is any wish that lies next thy heart, -and it shall be gratified if I have power to do it. Perhaps there may be fomething, the execution of which may give peace to thy prefent hour; -if fo,-tell it thy master, and he will faithfully perform it."-In the earnestness of my address to him, I had, without knowing it, rested my hand upon the bed near him; -and I had no fooner done speaking, than the poor fellow raifing himself up with with some difficulty, pressed it between his, and bowing his head, just touched it with his lips:—He then cast a momentary look at me which I shall never forget, and sunk down upon his pillow.—I left the room immediately, and saw him no more.—A delirium soon succeeded, in which he continued till the next day, when he expired.

Ah, Le Fleur !—if thou hadst died in my own country, — I would have followed thee to the grave;—and the stone which had covered thee should have told thy virtues.—But since that cannot be, — thy name shall live in the same page with thy master's;—and while Yorick is remembered,

## [ 127 ]

membered, Le Fleur shall not be forgotten.

This chapter an affectionate master consecrates to the best of servants.

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YORICK.

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Danadmen

# CURIOSITY.

URIOSITY has been the fource of human mifery. What a price did Eve pay for it! What a price is every day paid for it by the human race! It may be divided into two classes: the first is, the desire of being acquainted with past times by the means of history, of discovering the fecrets of Nature, fathoming the depths of science, and such like laudable pursuits. This class of curiofity cannot be too strenuously and constantly preserved and excited, as by an acquaintance with the past, we learn how to behave upon occasions that offer; for, as Cicero

Cicero says, Nescire quod antequâm natus esses actum est, id semper esse puerum.

The second class of curiosity is an inquisitiveness after the business and pursuits of other people; and it is this kind of curiosity which must always be condemned.

The ancient inhabitants of Crete enacted laws whereby they were forbidden, on pain of being publicly whipt, ever to inquire of a foreigner who he was, from whence he came, or what was his business; and those who answered such questions, were deprived of the use of fire and water. The reason they assigned for enacting Vol. IV.

fering with the business of others, might the better attend to their own.

Good heaven! if fuch a law were in force in Europe, and particularly in l'aris, which is the center of curiofity, how much more would the curiofity of the Parifians be excited by the displaying of those charms, which, indeed, the ladies do not take much pains to hide, but which they would be greatly mortified to have thus publicly exposed and castigated! Not that they would be destitute of male companions in these perambulations, for I believe the petits-mâitres in this city are the greatest gossips on earth.

Thefe

These curious impertinents seem to have no ideas of their own, or which they have borrowed from books; all their knowledge may be said to consist in their neighbours actions; and whilst they repeat what they have learnt, by way of censure, forget the ridiculous and infamous character they then appear in.

Plutarch and Pliny have both written encomiums upon Marcus Pontius, a Roman, who never had the curiofity to enquire about what passed at Rome, nor in the houses of his nearest neighbours. But this is a singular example, which will ne-

K 2

ver

ver be imitated whilst politics and news of every species seem to engross the sole attention of mankind.

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genius.

# [ 133 ]

#### THE CRITICISM.

one spiriton fill while spirites and

I AM aware that the Snarlers will immediately be let loose upon me. —— "So, Mr. Yorick, you would suppress all curiosity, all "thirst of knowledge, except what "may immediately come under the head of science.—Who the p—x "then would read your works?"

Answer — There would then be nothing else read, as they contain the essence of learning, the depth of science, and the ne plus ultra of genius.

K 3

# THE APPLICATION.

in your areas are goings

I SHALL now set forth my reafons for having such an objection to Parisian curiosity in particular.

On the same sloor with me dwelt a man, who had the appearance of an officer: he was at the gate when the Count de B—— inquired for me by two different names. They were both foreign to his ear and his understanding, and his was sufficient to excite his curiosity. He popped his head into every Coffee-house in Paris, to gain intelligence concern-

ing me: what he there learnt respecting me, he added to his former
anigmatical account, in order, as
poisons expel poisons, to extract
more venom out of my character.

In every Coffee-house in Paris is posted a political Lion, or Court-spy, who reports every thing that falls within his observation, which he thinks will please the Ministry, or lead to any discoveries. My name being thus handed about, there were no less than thirty-two different accounts concerning me, the next morning, upon the Duke de C—'s bureau, all concluding that I was a dangerous person.

Paris to gain intelligence concernation I K 4

# [ 136 ]

I that day paid a visit to the Count de B—, with whom I also dined. During my absence, my lodgings were searched, all my papers seized, and a lettre de cachet was waiting for me at my return.

you should pro into tarrety or could ye, the knowledge of events hereafter, to for trons acceptaing your happinels, would out intrease your milery.

With what (pirits did I defs, to wait upon the Count! White what an air 'of the structures and furified for did I ftep into the coach, and order the Count to drive to his Hotel! Lutle aid I think, at that very motors.

I that day paid a vitit to the Count

#### bent PROVIDENCE. 8 -b

Donng my abience my lodgings

ARK and intricate are the ways of Providence!—Short-fighted mortals, it were not fitting you should pry into futurity; or could ye, the knowledge of events hereafter, so far from accelerating your happiness, would but increase your misery.

With what spirits did I dress, to wait upon the Count! With what an air of chearfulness and satisfaction did I step into the coach, and order the Cocher to drive to his Hotel! Little did I think, at that very moment

ment the hand of the Minister was subscribing to my fate.

The Count de B— met me with the greatest politeness; and told me as a secret, that the Duke de C—l had highly applauded my conceit. "He is to dine here."——Scarce had he uttered these words, before the Minister appeared. The Count introduced me to the Duke; but I perceived a reserve and coyness in his address, which I had never before observed in a Frenchman.

They retired for some time. The Count returned, and asked me several questions, which I answered with my usual frankness. They were out

#### [ 139 ]

of the common road; but I thought he was entitled to an explication.

In about a quarter of an hour the Duke returned with the Count; when there was a ferenity and openness in the Minister's countenance, to which it had been quite estranged before. The company increased, when the conversation was general, sprightly, and agreeable.

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Country of the day of the party of the

queltions which was part on a

the sales of a to Teleconcentrisate year

## MY RETURN.

at the gate, than my host came running out to tell me, if I was not inclined to lie in the Bastille, to drive away as fast as I could. Surprised at this intimation, I desired him to get into the coach, and we drove round several streets; when he informed me of all that had happened.

"Good G—d! is this possible!—
"when I dined this very day with
"the Duke de C—l, and have not left
him half an hour!—Ah! the mys"tery

" tery is explained: - it is certain that

" an honest man could not be guilty

" of fuch diffimulation; -and I will

" lie to-night in my old lodgings."

Pour l'amour de Dieu, ne re-

"What have I to fear? I trust in the justness and the uprightness of my intentions."

Saying this, I returned to my hôtel, where, when I had alighted, I found all my papers fent back, with this short note from the Count:

se the Duke de C-I, and have not lest

enormals an hour !-- Ab! the my!

#### [ 142 ]

"Vous avez des ennemis, mais 
n'ayez pas peur; on voit que vous 
êtes un honnête homme."

" You have enemies; but be not afraid: — it is perceived that you are an honest man."

מפחר הגר ב דר היים דיים ביים מפקח

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### A FAREWELL TO PARIS.

AD not this last proceeding given me such disgust to living under a Government where neither a man's person or property are fafe, let him be ever so innocent; and where, had it not been for a mere accident, I might have languished out the remainder of my days in a loathfome dungeon; I fay, Eugenius, had not this consideration prevailed, the letter which informed me of your dangerous illness, and the impossibility of putting your intended visit to Paris in execution till you were perfectly recovered, would have

have hurried me away from this paradife of coquets, this elyfium of petits-maitres, and center of frivolity.

HAT so tooner got into my

I packed up my little baggage, wrote a complimentary letter to the Count de B—, another to Madame de Rambouillet, and fet out that evening for Calais.

This are to out produced any way.

age -I was paused to have a doubt-

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de France

is a Marrie will olany a websith & dillad

## THE POST-CHAISE.

realization all this while, to know

Post-Chaise, than I began to consider the advantages of my prefent journey, the plan I had proposed, and how far I had compassed it.

in France."

and I care listy (aid, open what

The fabred in debit was the m-

This affertion produced my voy age.—I was piqued to have it doubted, whether I was authorised to make it, and was resolved to be convinced by ocular demonstration.

Vol. IV. L The

The Reader's curiofity hath, I dare fay, though an Englishman, been upon the utmost stretch of impatience, all this while, to know what this matter was, and whether it really was ordered better in France,—or not.

It is time he should be fatisfied.

the Beginster, the children at Law 1910s.

The subject in debate was the inconvenience of drinking healths whilst at meal, and toasts afterwards: and I carelessly said, upon what I thought good information, "They "order this matter better in "France."

ert I

ee Healths

#### [ 147 ]

"HEALTHS ARE ABOLISHED,

"AND TOASTS NEVER WERE ADOPT
"ED."

south or the way at the southboar

So far I was right: fo far I have compassed the design of my voyage.

But whether this was tant mieux, or tant pis, notwithstanding my thorough knowledge at present in the precise meaning of these two expressions in the French dialect, I shall leave the reader to determine.

L 2 TOTAL AS

thought was suight and it in they

in mice resident with retro

WILLIAM TO STORY SEE NOON SEE BOOK

# The CHANTLL LY In

naty to the neutal.

BY the time I had run over these observations and reslections, we (that is, the two horses first, the postilion and myself, for I had no other companions) had got to this delightful retreat of the Prince of Condé.

This chateau is considered by connoisseurs in architecture to be one
of the most perfect structures of the
kind: the apartments are sumptuous,
and can be surpassed by nothing but
the furniture. The gardens are finely
laid out, and very happily disposed.
Upon the whole, this is one of the
most

most elegant and convenient spots in all France, as well from its vicinity to the capital, as from its being so agreeably intersected with water.

We did not change horses here; but my curiosity, from the accounts I had heard of this seat, induced me to stop, and take a survey of it; a circumstance I lamented having omitted in my way to Paris; and the gratisication I received, amply repaid the small expence it occasioned me.

d bolls (sit sit us th

### AMIENS.

A THE RESUMES TWO THE EXTENDED

NOTHING very material occurred to me till we arrived at this city; "nor did any thing very important happen then," the Reader will probably pronounce.

I arrived here about one o'clock, and finding a keen appetite strongly prompt to enquire after dinner, I asked my Host what he could speedily provide me.

- " Tout ce que vous voulez.
- " Every thing you please."

FOA -

A very

#### [ 151 ]

A very comprehensive bill of fare.

- "But what have you got in the house?"
  - "Tout ce que vous voulez."

המונג נהים בוכי אוכי הוכי

" Have you any partridges?"

after a most believed to combastic

e them, for a man wh

41 Hay ...

- .. Non."
- " Any woodcocks?"
  - " Non," granium mot de très Estory
  - " Any ducks?"
  - Non." by good good versed to

#### [ 152 ]

"Any pullers ?" no only A

Non, Monsieur, qui sont propres

" No, fir; none that are fit for

- "Then you may as well not have them, for a man who is riding post."
- Any fifth postoon cow (afty
- " Point de tout aujourd' bui."

two realons; brid, he out not under-

None to-day.

VOA 33

that What the healt idea of fuch a

" sluod "

#### [ 153 ]

"What the p-x, then, does every thing confift of?"

י ערא ועלט עלטער בעם יאד בעם יי

Des coutelets de mouton à la Main-

or in according to the state of the state

" Mutton-chops with Maintenon fauce."

OLICIA CL. 1937 . WHITE DATE OF

have them, good Mr. Boniface."

The conceit was lost upon him for two reasons; first, he did not understand English; and secondly, if he had, without knowing the character in the Play, he never could have conceived that his meagre carcase could convey the least idea of such a name.

#### THE HUE-AND-CRY.

or enter or sported day War to

If is a dangerous thing for a man, especially an Englishman, to set his mind upon a good meal when he travels in France. If he can put up with an omelette, soup-meagre, or a fricasse of frogs, which are in great plenty, he need entertain no apprehensions of starving: but if his ideas should be engrossed with a buttock or a sirloin of beef, alas! alas! how great would be his disappointment, from his first setting foot at Calais, till he was ready to reimbark at Marseilles.

My disappointment was still greater; for though I had reduced all

coliviry to ther of the washing every

all my pretentions to eating to a couple of mutton-chops, after having my imagination raised to whatever I could think of; still these very chops were not to be found. A scrap of mutton, of about two pounds, on which my landlord had built all his foundation for good eating, was vanished.

- " Que diable, où est le mouton?
- "What the d——I is become of the mutton?"

alast how grow would see his dian-

[Untranslateable.]

imbark ar Marcilles

Every corner of the kitchen, every creek of the pantry was fearched,—but no mutton was to be found.

#### THE DISCOVERY.

A T length, when I was upon the point of resuming my chaise, and deferring the gratistication of my appetite to the next post, Monsieur l'Hôte had sound the house-dog in possession of all our provisions, in the dust-hole: he had already gnawed one half; but as there remained a sufficient quantity for my contelets de Maintenon, I did not object to its being drest, that the poor animal might escape the punishment with which he was so serverely threatened.

### ABBEVILLE.

A HUNGRY traveller and a difappointed stomach never think the horses drive fast enough. Depichez, depechez!

"Oui, Monseigneur."—Cric—crac

siready, grawed one lea

The postilions in France seem to have the exclusive privilege of cracking of whips; which they perform so very expertly, that it supplies all the use of a horn, blown by our post-boys upon their arrival at a post-house.

v. then, it is but continuing

#### [ 158 ]

#### Crac-crac-crac-

And the horses were ready—But halt!
I've not dined.

Thank Heaven for meeting with an excellent duck, and a very good bottle of Burgundy! Now I can continue my journey as fast as you will.

Suppose I were to take a nap?

- "Depend upon it, Mr. Yorick,
- " the witlings will pronounce you
- " have been napping ever fince you
- " left Paris."

Why, then, it is but continuing, if they do not snarl too loud.

#### BOULOGNE SUR MER.

Cran- ran-yest shord

SURELY I have got into England without croffing the sea! How many of my countrymen! What charms can this place have so peculiarly superior to all the other seaports in France?

This question I put to my host, who was an Irishman—" Its vicinity to England."

Smugglers, bankrupts, and infolvents!--The streets swarm with them.

"Do they pay well!"

" At firft."

bnA sty, then, it is but continued if they do not last too load.

"And can you afford to give them credit afterwards?"

"No; but there are so many fresh recruits, who are sleeced by their countrymen as soon as they come over, that we can venture to trust them in a dearth of bank-ruptcies."

Heavens! the needy preying upon the miserable! Or more likely——

The delinquent and felonious traveller
Sucking the last drops of vital blood
From the unfortunate and innocent traveller.

Close the scene.—Humanity cannot sustain it.

The post chaise this instant.

### CALAIS.

#### ONCE MORE.

WELL, Monsieur Dessein, you fold me a bargain: — but I forgive you.

" En bonneur, Monsieur, je refusois deux Louis de plus, le même jour."

Modest! for an inn-keeper.

"When does the packet fail for England?"

" Ce foir, Monfieur."

"Then take me a place, and let me have a couple of bottles of your best Burgundy."

Vol. IV. M "Adieu!

#### [ 162 ]

Adieu! O France!—But, alas! alas! the Remise calls fresh to mind every circumstance that—

Heigh-ho!

I can't explain.

Love, Love, these are thy victo-

#### THE SEA.

# A DEAD, dead calm!

Mademoiselle Latouche very illthe sea an excellent emetic.

- "Pray, Mademoifelle, do not frand upon ceremony."
- " Non, Monsieur, c'est ce que je ne fais jamais, dans des cas pareils."
- "So I perceive but but"— Well, I had a narrow escape. So I will pay her no more compliments till we get ashore.

A fresh breeze brings us into harbour.

M 2

#### DOVER.

TVERY traveller who ever touched here, and afterwards thought proper to blot paper, has given such descriptive ideas of this place, that I shall refer my Readers to them and Shakespear for a poetical description of it.

"Sir, you may go in a post-chaise with another gentleman as cheap as the stage."

This my landlord informed me at the King's-Head. — "Why, then I "have no kind of objection."

#### CANTERBURY.

- "CIR, a shilling a mile, a very
- " D bad road—nobody can afford
- to run a chaise for less, and we get
- " nothing by it then."
- " Why, this is a most arrant im-
- " position. Mr. What's-his-Name
- " has deceived me-and if there be
- " any redrefs in law, I'll have it."
- "So will I," faid my fellow-trayeller.—He was a lawyer.

#### THE HIGHWAYMAN.

this celebrated city, before we were attacked by a highwayman. My fellow-traveller was disposed to contend with him; and though he trembled every joint whilst he ushered his imaginary courage to his aid, he continued talking of the poltroonery of two travellers submitting to a single highwayman.

In answer to this, I told him the contents of my purse were but very trisling; and that if I could reach London, it would accomplish the full

full design of my present sinances; that I should therefore take two guineas out of my purse, not for the robber, but for myself. "A "man, continued I, who risks his "life, his future peace of mind, and, perhaps, the existence of a "wife and family, upon such a bu-"siness, though illegal, deserves at least the compassion of those who can spare a trifle.

- "Tis what the happy to the unhappy owe."
- "You surprise me, Sir, to plead
- " fo strongly in favour of a high-
- " wayman. An Old Bailey Coun-
- " fel would be ashamed to go such
- " lengths-"

M 4 "Without

"Without a fee," I replied.

By this time the highwayman had made his demand in form; and fear, enforced by the fight of a pistol, operated what pity or compassion would never have effected:

he gave up with a tremulous hand a purse which seemed to contain a considerable sum, when Charity might have preserved the far greater part, by a merciful and benevolent allowance.

<sup>&</sup>quot;You are no Sentimental Tra-"veller, Sir, I see."

<sup>&</sup>quot;No— (in a faultering voice) I

never was fo terrified in my life."

More

#### [ 169 ]

"More so, I imagine, than he, 
who ventured against so many 
chances, the Law, our Contention, our Poverty.—"

He fighed.-

I pitied and despised him, and we conversed no more till we reached the metropolis.

#### LONDON.

RIENDSHIP, thou balm of life, and folace of our cares! by thee I have been enabled to bear the galling load of forrow without a murmur.-Yes, my Eugenius, thou hast cheared many a gloomy hour; -and hast made me to smile when my heart was heavy. - How do I rejoice, my Friend, to fee thee again restored to health, and to me!-And much do I hope, that it will please the Fountain of Life to preferve thee long an honour to the world .- As for me, -my stream flows on apace. That scare-crow Death,

Death, who has been posting after me for these ten years, is now at my heels,—and, in spite of all I can do, will soon lay me low.—The thought, my Friend, drives the blood from thy cheek, and leaves it pale.—
But so it must be.—The grim tyrant has now seized me so violently by the throat, that I can scarce make myself heard across the table.

#### THE END.

HIS fad vaticination of his destiny was soon compleated; -- for, not many months afterwards, accidentally calling upon him at his lodgings in B--- Street, I found him lying upon the floor, almost speechless, and weltering in his blood. -This was not the first time I had feen him in fuch a melancholy condition, as it had not been uncommon with him, during the latter years of his life, to burst some of the smaller veffels in his lungs,-which a winter in a warm climate had hitherto restored; - but his constitution was fo exhausted, and having remained in London during the whole winter, in order to publish his Sentimental Journey, it was too late to administer any effectual relief.—After lingering about three days, during which time he appeared to enjoy the greatest tranquility, he left the world without a groan, lamented by Wit, Learning, and Humanity\*.

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Sterne died in March 1768, foon after the publication of his Sentimental Journey.

## ONE SHORT CHAPTER MORE.

taken to suppress this Work, are as illiberal as unjust; let it stand or fall by its own merit. But like all such similar attempts, they have recoiled upon those who levelled the batteries; — and in proportion as they have endeavoured to lessen it in the opinion of the Public, the generous and candid Public have seen through the artistice, and with still greater applause have more warmly patronized the performance.

In this scale will all productions be ever weighed; and the voice of a Book-

#### [ 175 ]

a Bookseller or a pretended Critic will have no influence, when envy, jealousy, or self-interest, so conspicuously appear under the slight veil of pretended candour.



